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Synthesis, Structure and Translations of 2-(2-Substitutedphenyl) Hydrazone) 5,5-Dimethylcyclohexane-1,3-Dione

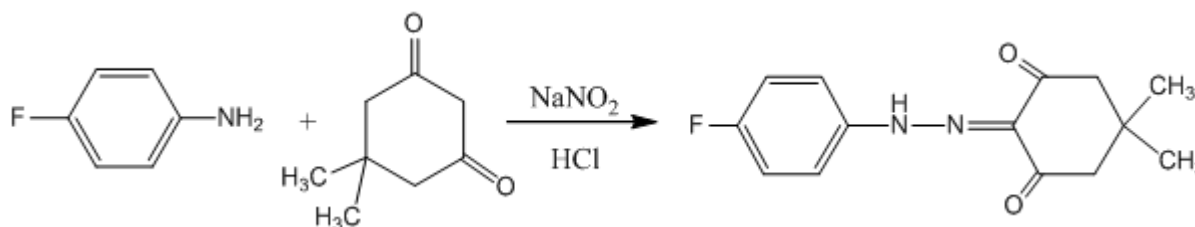
A.Z.Sadigova, R.K.Asgerov, A.M.Maharramov, M.M.Kurbanova

Baku State University

The diazotization reaction of different aromatic amines with 5,5-dimethylcyclohexane-1,3-dione were investigated, synthesized compounds were reacted with ethylenediamine and structures were confirmed with the method of X-Ray.

Keywords: β - diketones, hydrazones, keto hydrazone form, X-Ray.

Different β -diketones and their complexes are widely used as biologically active compounds [1-2]. It is also known that, substituted reagents and laser chelates of these compounds [3], chemical and photochemical catalyst [4] of the biologically active derivatives are used to treat inflammatory diseases [5]. We have been investigated diazotization of different aromatic amine by using benzoicacetophenone [6], in this research 5,5-dimethylcyclohexane-1,3-dione has been taken as an object and the synthesis of 2-(2-(4-fluorophenyl) hydrazone)-5,5-dimethylcyclohexane-1,3-dione (I) was shown following scheme.



(I)

The reaction was monitored by thin layer chromatography method. (Sorbfil). The structure of the compound was approved by RSA, and it was determined that, the crystal form of this compound does exist as keto hydrazone form.

The triclinic structure of 2-(2-(4-fluorophenyl) hydrazone)-5,5-dimethylcyclohexane-1,3-dione (I) was deposited at the The Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre (CCDC 1475293). The cell parameters of combination $a=5.993(2)\text{\AA}$, $b=10.446(4)\text{\AA}$, $c=10.731(4)\text{\AA}$, $\alpha=97.765(8)^\circ$, $\beta=102.860(8)^\circ$, $\gamma=98.925(8)^\circ$, space group $P-1$, $Z=2$; $V=637.0(4)\text{\AA}^3$, $D_x=1.368\text{ Mg/m}^3$, $\mu=0.102\text{ mm}^{-1}$. Crystal sizes $0.330 \times 0.260 \times 0.220\text{ mm}^3$.

The molecular structure of compound (I) is shown below.

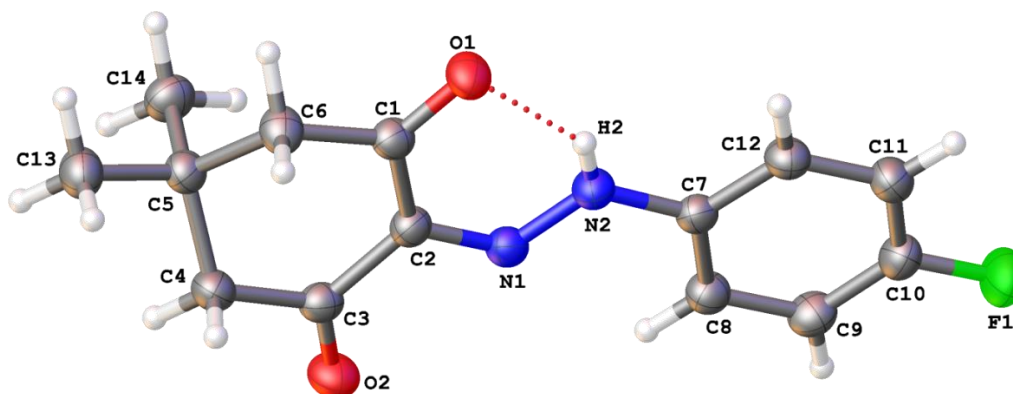
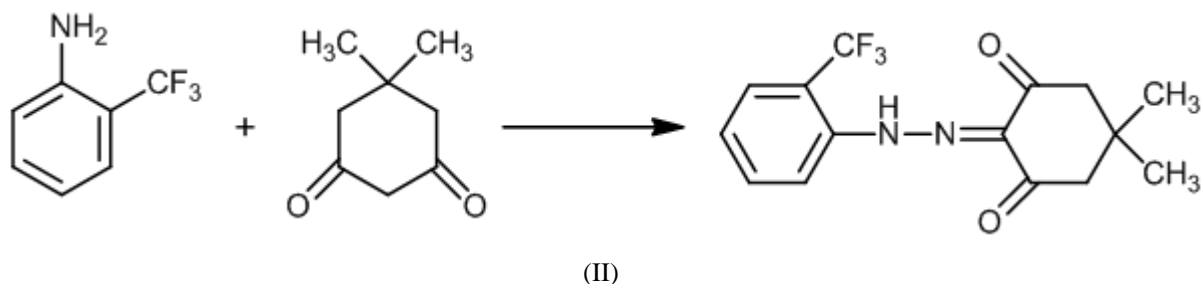


Figure1. Molecule structure of 2-(2-(4-fluorophenyl) hydrazone)-5,5-dimethylcyclohexane-1,3-dione (I).

Synthesis, Structure and Translations of 2-(2-Substitutedphenyl) Hydrazone) 5,5-Dimethylcyclohexane-1,3-Dione

To continue the researchs, we were synthesized 2- (2- (2-trifluoromethylphenyl) hydrazone)-5,5-dimethylcyclohexane 1,3-dione (II). Scheme is shown below:



The reaction was monitored by thin layer chromatography method (Sorbfil). The monoclinic structure of 2- (2- (4-fluorophenyl) hydrazone) -5,5-dimethylcyclohexane-1,3-dione (II) was deposited at the The Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre (CCDC 1484656). The cage angels of combination $a=15.5610(12)\text{\AA}$, $b=6.1069(5)\text{\AA}$, $c=15.6267(12)\text{\AA}$, $\beta=97.3588(13)^\circ$, $V=1472.8(2)\text{\AA}^3$, $Z=4$, space group $P2_1/n$, $D_x=1.315\text{mg}/\text{cm}^3$, $\mu=0.120\text{mm}^{-1}$, Crystal sizes $0.630 \times 0.220 \times 0.150\text{mm}$.

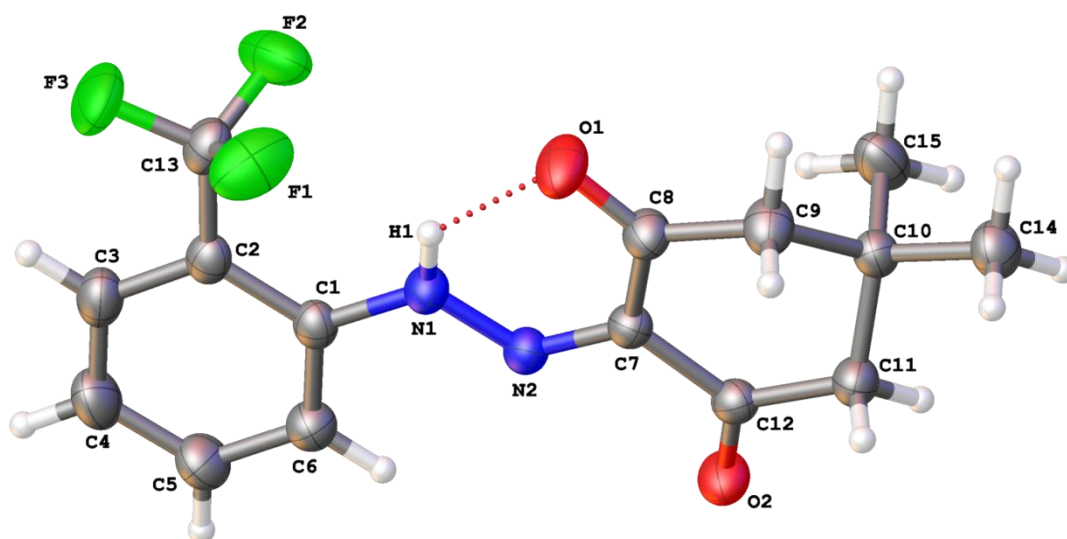
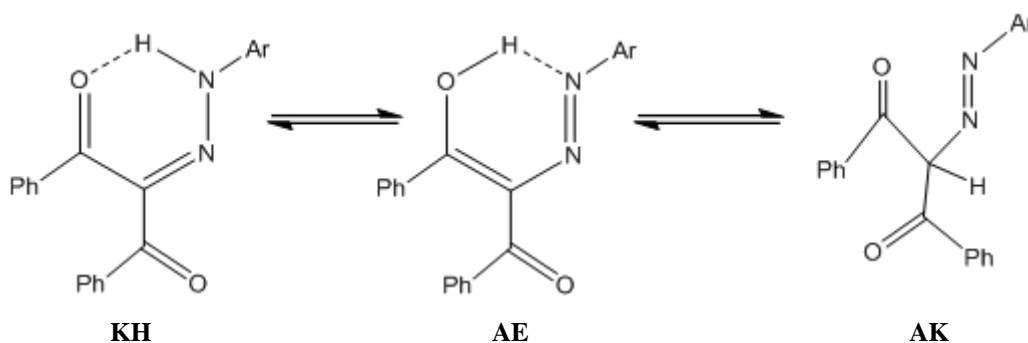


Figure2. Molecule structure of 2- (2- (2-trifluoromethylphenyl) hydrazone) -5,5-dimethylcyclohexane 1,3-dione (II).

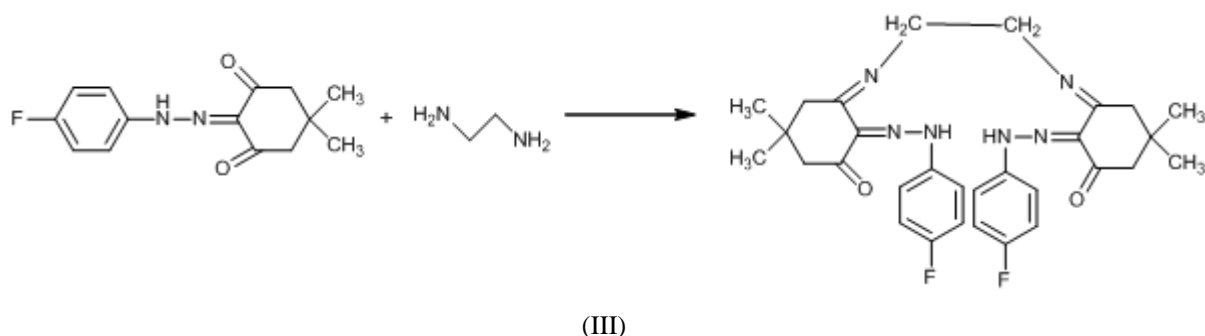
It is known that, ketohydrazone (KH), azo ketone (AK) and azo enol (AE) tautomeric forms are characterized for hydrazones.



We were investigated structure of these compounds in "Bruker APEX II CCD" diffractometer on the other hand it should be pointed out that, crystalline form of synthesized compounds exist as keto hydrazone form (KH).

In our previous researches, we were synthesized 6- (2- (4-substituted halogenphenyl) hydrazone)-5,7-diphenyl-3,6-dihydro-2H-1,4-diazepine from 6- (2- (4-substituted halogenphenyl) hydrazone)-1,3-diphenylpropane-1,3-dione reaction with ethylenediamine (2:1) and the structure are confirmed with the method of RSA [7].

The reaction between ethylendiamine and 2-(2-(4-fluorophenyl) hydrazone)-5,5-dimethylcyclohexane-1,3-dione (I) 2: 1 were investigated, on the second hand it was determined that, (3Z, 3'Z)-3,3'-(ethane-1,2-dibis (azaniliden))bis(2-(2-4-fluorophenyl) hydrazone)-5,5-dimethylcyclohexanon (III) was obtained presence of an acid the scheme of this reaction can be represented below by the following scheme.



(III)

The monoclinic structure of (3Z, 3'Z)-3,3'-(ethane-1,2-dibis(azaniliden))bis(2-(2-4-fluorophenyl)hydrazone)-5,5-dimethylcyclohexanon (III) was deposited at the The Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre (CCDC 1510185). The cell angles of combination C2/c $a=22.7715(19)\text{\AA}$, $b=17.2794(15)\text{\AA}$, $c=25.639(3)\text{\AA}$, $\beta=112.2966(12)^\circ$; $Z=2$; $V=9334.3(16)\text{\AA}^3$; $D_x=1.217\text{ Mg/m}^3$, $\mu=0.089\text{ mm}^{-1}$, Crystal sizes $0.360 \times 0.160 \times 0.110\text{ mm}$.

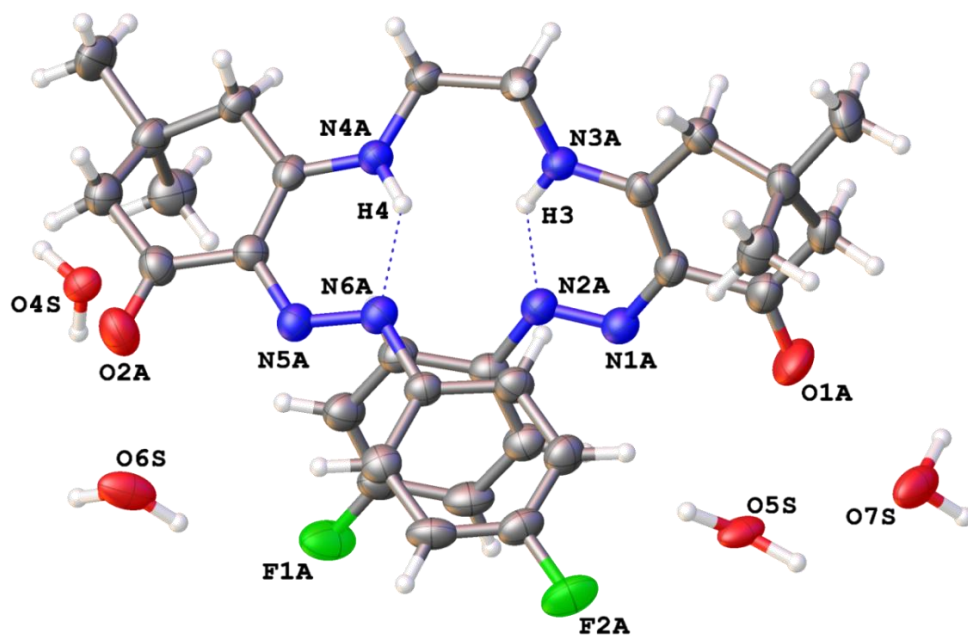


Figure 3. Molecule structure of (3Z, 3'Z)-3,3'-(ethane-1,2-dibis(azaniliden))bis(2-(2-4-fluorophenyl)hydrazone)-5,5-dimethylcyclohexanon (III)

Experimental part

The reaction and the purity of the substances was monitored by TLC (Sorbil). The structure of substances are studied with "Bruker APEX II CCD" diffractometer ($T = 100\text{ K}$, λMoK_α -radiation, graphite monochromator, φ - ω -scanned, $2\theta_{\text{max}} = 56^\circ$).

The general method of synthesis 2-(2-(substitutedphenyl)hydrazone)-5,5-dimethylcyclohexane-1,3-diones (I-II)

0.0625 mol aromatic amine and 0.35 gr KOH are dissolved in distilled water in the three-necked flask. 0.0225 mol NaNO_2 was dissolved in 2 ml distilled water and was added to the mixture then left it to stir under magnetic stirrer bar. 2 ml HCl was added drop by drop to the mixture and left to stir 30 min under 0°C temperature. Later, 0.0625 mol 5,5-dimethylcyclohexane-1,3-dione and 0.5125 gr CH_3COONa were dissolved in 10 ml $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}$ and the temperature of the mixture was decreased 0°C temperature then added drop by drop to the previous mixture and left it to stir 1 h under 0°C . The product is filtered and again recrystallized in ethanol.

2- (2- (4-fluorophenyl) hydrazone) -5,5-dimethylcyclohexane 1,3-dione (I)(Yield74%), $T_{m.p}$ = 198-200⁰C. $C_{14}H_{15}N_2O_2F$; Calculated for(%): C 64,12; H 5,72; N 10,68; F 7,25. Found (%): C 64,21; H 5,59; N 10,71, F 7,15. ¹H-NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ ,m.h.; 0.97-1.09 (6H, 2CH₃), 2.64-2.71 (4H, 2CH₂), 6.61-6.99 (4H, CH-Ph), 8.21 (1H, NH). ¹³C-NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ ,m.h.;26.92 (2CH₃), 30.61 (C)50.51-51.12 (2CH₂), 11.99-116.58 (4CH, Ph), 137.91 (C=N), 137.9 (C-NH), 156.92 (C-NH), 156.92 (C-F), 187.23 (2CO).

2- (2- (2-trifluoromethylphenyl) hydrazone)-5,5-dimethylcyclohexane 1,3-dione (II).(Yield 73%), $T_{m.p}$ = 100-102⁰C. $C_{15}H_{15}N_2O_2F_3$;Calculated for (%): C 57,69; H 4,80; N 8,97; F 18,26 Found (%): C 57,79; H 4,65; N 8,73; F 18,42. ¹H-NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ ,m.h.; 0.97-1.06 (6H, 2CH₃), 2.64-2.69 (4H, 2CH₂), 6.55-7.49 (4H, CH-Ph), 8.16 (1H, NH). ¹³C-NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ , m.h.;26.71-27.12 (2CH₃), 29.94 (2C),50.2-51.6 (2CH₂), 119.1-133.2 (4CH-Ph), 135.49 (C-CF₃), 137.34 (C-NH), 137.72 (C=N), 125.4 (CF₃), 187.01 (2CO).

Synthesis of (3Z, 3'Z)-3,3'-(ethane-1,2-dibis(azaniliden))bis(2-(2-4-fluorophenyl) hydrazone)-5,5-dimethylcyclohexanon (III). 2 mmol 2- (2- (4-fluorophenyl) hydrazone) -5,5-dimethylcyclohexane 1,3-dione are dissolved 15-20 ml of ethanol in the threenecked flask. 1 drop HCl was added and the mixture was heated till 50⁰C. Then 1 mmol ethilendiamine was added and left it to stir 1h under magnetic stirrer bar. Obtained (3Z, 3'Z)-3,3'-(ethane-1,2-dibis(azaniliden))bis(2-(2-4-fluorophenyl) hydrazone)-5,5-dimethylcyclohexanonis filtered and purified by the method of re-crystallization. (Yield 59%) $C_{30}H_{34}N_6O_2F_2$;Calculated for (%): C 65,93; H 6,22; N 15,38; F 6,59 Found (%): C 65,77; H 6,41; N 15,52; F 6,50. ¹H-NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ ,m.h.;0.99-1.08 (12H, 4CH₃), 1.43-1.49 (4H, 2CH₂), 2.61-2.69 (4H, 2CH₂), 2.69 (4H, 2CH-N), 6.63 (4H, CH-Ph), 6.94 (4H, CH-Ph), 8.47 (2H, NH). ¹³C-NMR (DMSO- d_6) δ ,m.h.; 26.51-27.12 (4CH₃), 30.41 (2C)41.93-50.21 (4CH₂), 62.91-62.71 (2CH₂-N), 115.31-116.52 (8CH-Ph), 137.71 (2C=N-NH), 138.61 (2C-NH), 155.23 (2C=N-CH₂), 157.14 (2C-F), 186.45 (CO).

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